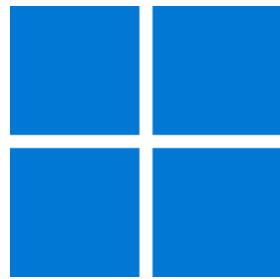




# Windows App SDK



*Buy me a coffee*

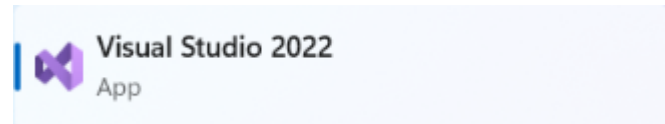
# Lucky Dominoes

**Lucky Dominoes** shows how you can create a simple domino game using a control from **NuGet** using the **Windows App SDK**.

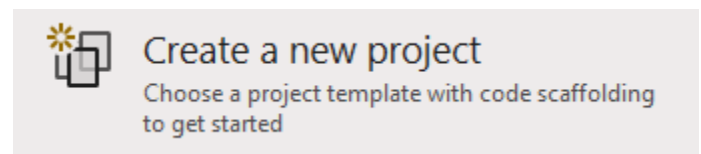
## Step 1

Follow **Setup and Start** on how to get **Setup** and **Install** what you need for **Visual Studio 2022** and **Windows App SDK**.

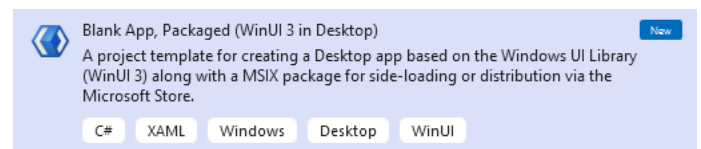
In **Windows 11** choose **Start** and then find or search for **Visual Studio 2022** and then select it.



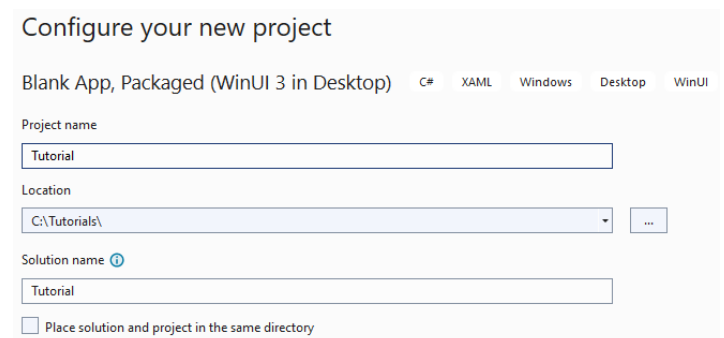
Once **Visual Studio 2022** has started select **Create a new project**.



Then choose the **Blank App, Packages (WinUI in Desktop)** and then select **Next**.

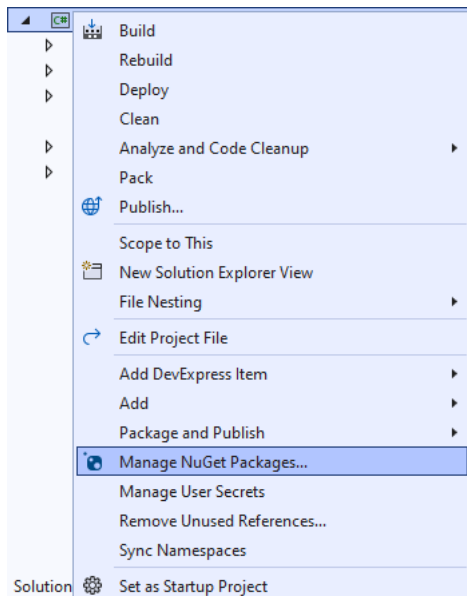


After that in **Configure your new project** type in the **Project name** as *LuckyDominoes*, then select a Location and then select **Create** to start a new **Solution**.



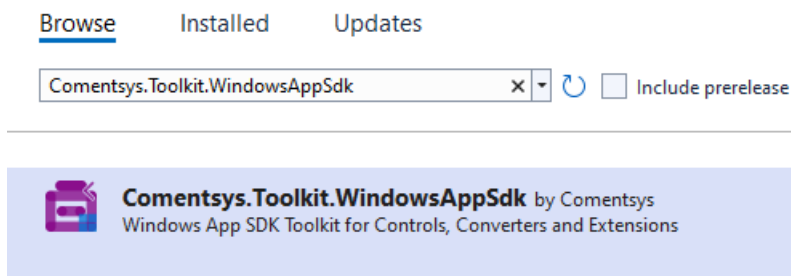
## Step 2

Then in **Visual Studio** within **Solution Explorer** for the **Solution**, right click on the **Project** shown below the **Solution** and then select **Manage NuGet Packages...**



## Step 3

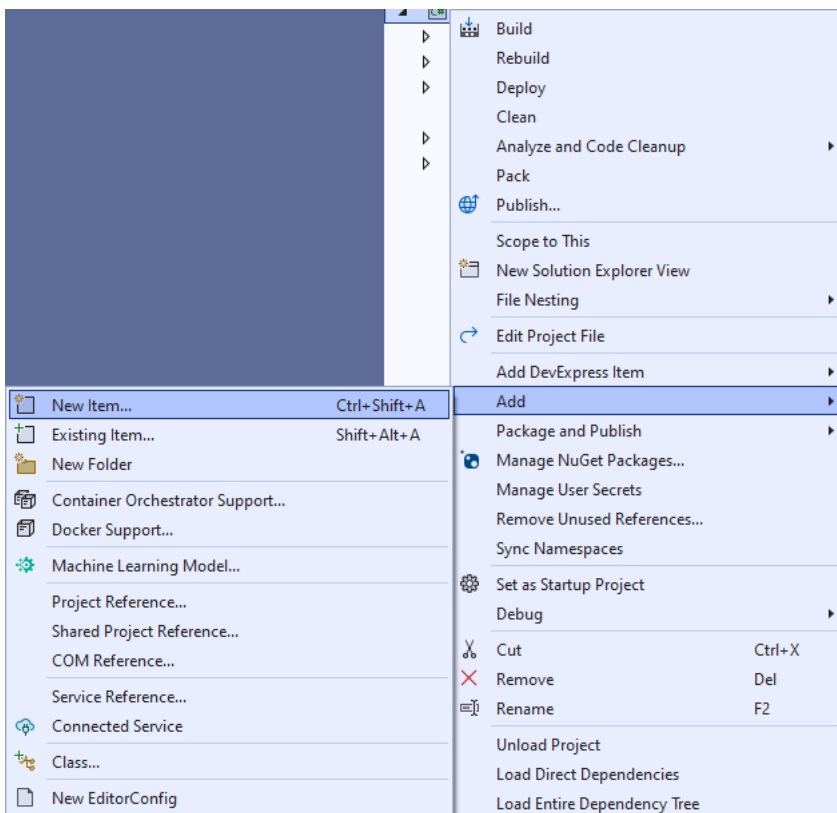
Then in the **NuGet Package Manager** from the **Browse** tab search for **Comentsys.Toolkit.WindowsAppSdk** and then select **Comentsys.Toolkit.WindowsAppSdk by Comentsys** as indicated and select **Install**



This will add the package for **Comentsys.Toolkit.WindowsAppSdk** to your **Project**. If you get the **Preview Changes** screen saying **Visual Studio is about to make changes to this solution. Click OK to proceed with the changes listed below**. You can read the message and then select **OK** to **Install** the package, then you can close the **tab** for **Nuget: LuckyDominoes** by selecting the **x** next to it.

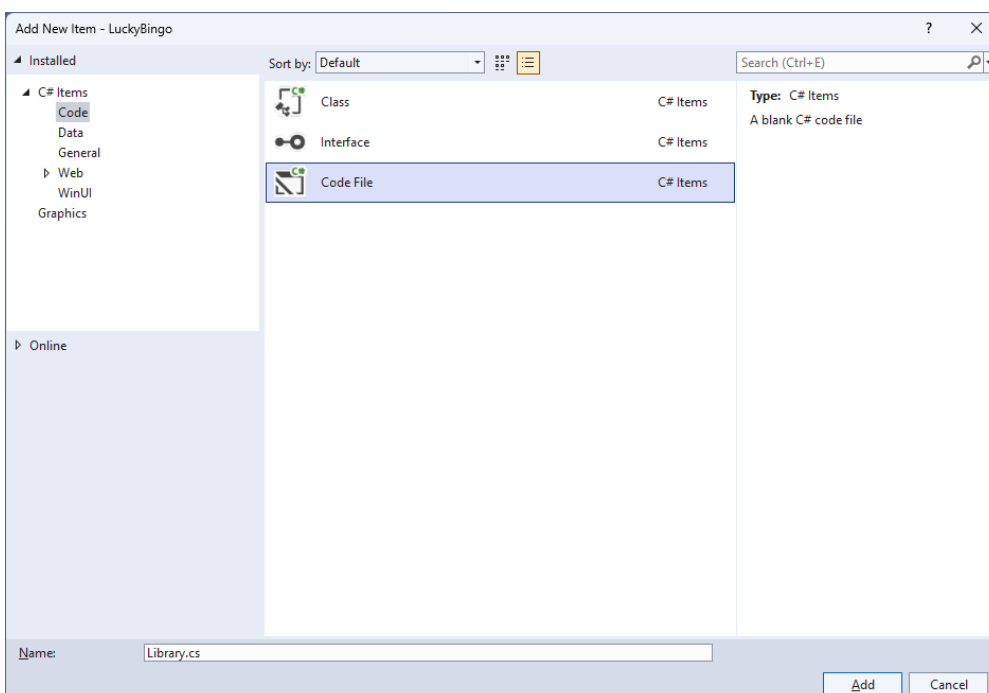
## Step 4

Then in **Visual Studio** within **Solution Explorer** for the **Solution**, right click on the **Project** shown below the **Solution** and then select **Add** then **New Item...**



## Step 5

Then in **Add New Item** from the **C# Items** list, select **Code** and then select **Code File** from the list next to this, then type in the name of *Library.cs* and then **Click** on **Add**.



## Step 6

You will now be in the **View** for the **Code** of *Library.cs*, within this first type the following **Code**:

```
using Comentsys.Toolkit.WindowsAppSdk;
using Microsoft.UI;
using Microsoft.UI.Xaml;
using Microsoft.UI.Xaml.Controls;
using Microsoft.UI.Xaml.Input;
using Microsoft.UI.Xaml.Media;
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;

public class Library
{
    private const string set_one = "one";
    private const string set_two = "two";
    private const string name_upper = "upper";
    private const string name_lower = "lower";

    private static readonly string[] _tiles =
    {
        "0,0",
        "0,1", "1,1",
        "0,2", "1,2", "2,2",
        "0,3", "1,3", "2,3", "3,3",
        "0,4", "1,4", "2,4", "3,4", "4,4",
        "0,5", "1,5", "2,5", "3,5", "4,5", "5,5",
        "0,6", "1,6", "2,6", "3,6", "4,6", "5,6", "6,6"
    };

    private readonly Random _random = new((int)DateTime.UtcNow.Ticks);

    private int _turns = 0;
    private List<int> _one = new();
    private List<int> _two = new();
    private StackPanel _panel = new();

    private List<int> Choose(int minimum, int maximum) =>
        Enumerable.Range(minimum, maximum)
            .OrderBy(r => _random.Next(minimum, maximum))
            .ToList();

    // Background, Get Portion & Set Portion

    // Set Domino, Get Domino & New
}
```

The **Class** that has been defined in so far *Library.cs* has **using** amongst others for the package of **Comentsys.Toolkit.WindowsAppSdk**. It also defines the tiles that represent the configurations of a domino. There is also a **StackPanel** for the layout of the dominos and the **Method** of **Choose** which is used to select a randomised list of numbers.

## Step 7

While still in the **Class** for *Library.cs* and after the **Comment** of `// Background, Get Portion & Set Portion` type in the following **Methods**:

```
private Brush Background() =>
    new LinearGradientBrush(new GradientStopCollection()
    {
        new GradientStop()
        {
            Color = Colors.DarkSlateGray,
            Offset = 0.0
        },
        new GradientStop()
        {
            Color = Colors.Black,
            Offset = 1.0
        }
    }, 90);

private Dice GetPortion(string name) => new()
{
    Name = name,
    Background = Background(),
    Foreground = new SolidColorBrush(Colors.WhiteSmoke)
};

private void SetPortion(string name, int value) =>
    ((Dice)_panel.FindName(name)).Value = value;
```

**Background** will create the appearance of the domino using a **LinearGradientBrush** and **GetPortion** is used to get the upper or lower part of a domino by using the **Dice** control and sets the **Background** using the **Method** of **Background** and **SetPortion** will set the **Value** of the **Dice** being used to represent the pips of the domino.

## Step 8

While still in the **Class** for *Library.cs* after the **Comment** of **// Set Domino, Get Domino & New** type in the following **Methods**.

```
private void SetDomino(string name, string tile)
{
    string[] pair = tile.Split(',');
    SetPortion($"{name}.{name_upper}", int.Parse(pair[0]));
    SetPortion($"{name}.{name_lower}", int.Parse(pair[1]));
}

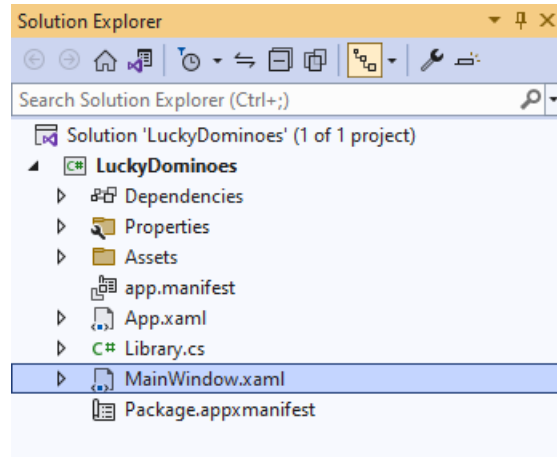
private StackPanel GetDomino(string name)
{
    StackPanel domino = new()
    {
        Margin = new Thickness(25),
        Orientation = Orientation.Vertical
    };
    domino.Tapped += (object sender, TappedRoutedEventArgs e) =>
    {
        if (_turns > 0)
        {
            SetDomino(set_one, _tiles[_one[_turns]]);
            SetDomino(set_two, _tiles[_two[_turns]]);
            _turns--;
        }
        else
            New(_panel);
    };
    domino.Children.Add(GetPortion($"{name}.{name_upper}"));
    domino.Children.Add(GetPortion($"{name}.{name_lower}"));
    return domino;
}

public void New(StackPanel panel)
{
    _panel = panel;
    _panel.Children.Clear();
    _panel.Children.Add(GetDomino(set_one));
    _panel.Children.Add(GetDomino(set_two));
    _turns = _tiles.Length - 1;
    _one = Choose(0, _tiles.Length);
    _two = Choose(0, _tiles.Length);
}
```

**SetDomino** will set the values of the upper and lower portions of a domino and use the set of values that a domino can show, **GetDomino** will create the layout for a domino and set up the **Event** when it is **Tapped** to show the relevant domino and **New** will start a new game.

## Step 9

Then from **Solution Explorer** for the **Solution** double-click on **MainWindow.xaml** to see the **XAML** for the **Main Window**.



## Step 10

In the **XAML** for **MainWindow.xaml** there be some **XAML** for a **StackPanel**, this should be **Removed** by removing the following:

```
<StackPanel Orientation="Horizontal"
HorizontalAlignment="Center" VerticalAlignment="Center">
  <Button x:Name="myButton" Click="myButton_Click">Click Me</Button>
</StackPanel>
```

## Step 11

While still in the **XAML** for **MainWindow.xaml** above **</Window>**, type in the following **XAML**:

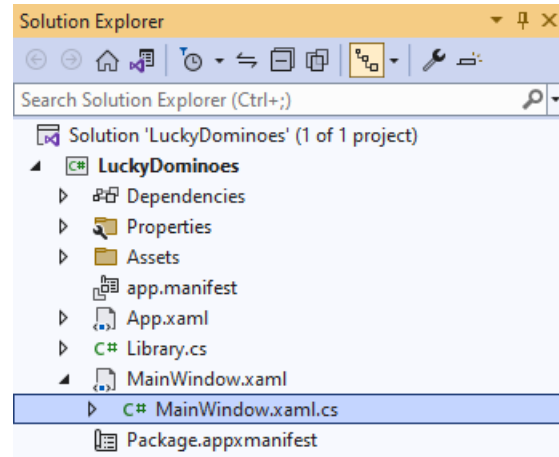
```
<Grid>
  <Viewbox>
    <StackPanel Margin="50" Name="Display" Orientation="Horizontal"
      HorizontalAlignment="Center" VerticalAlignment="Center" Loaded="New"/>
  </Viewbox>
  <CommandBar VerticalAlignment="Bottom">
    <AppBarButton Icon="Page2" Label="New" Click="New"/>
  </CommandBar>
</Grid>
```

This **XAML** contains a **Grid** with a **Viewbox** which will scale a **StackPanel**. It has a **Loaded** event handler for **New** which is also shared by the **AppBarButton**.



## Step 12

Then, within **Solution Explorer** for the **Solution** select the arrow next to **MainWindow.xaml** then double-click on **MainWindow.xaml.cs** to see the **Code** for the **Main Window**.



## Step 13

In the **Code** for **MainWindow.xaml.cs** there be a **Method** of **myButton\_Click(...)** this should be **Removed** by removing the following:

```
private void myButton_Click(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e)
{
    myButton.Content = "Clicked";
}
```

## Step 14

Once **myButton\_Click(...)** has been removed, type in the following **Code** below the end of the **Constructor** of **public MainWindow() { ... }**:

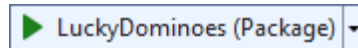
```
private readonly Library _library = new();

private void New(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e) =>
    _library.New(Display);
```

Here an **Instance** of the **Class** of **Library** is created then below this is the **Method** of **New** that will be used with **Event Handler** from the **XAML**, this **Method** uses Arrow Syntax with the **=>** for an Expression Body which is useful when a **Method** only has one line.

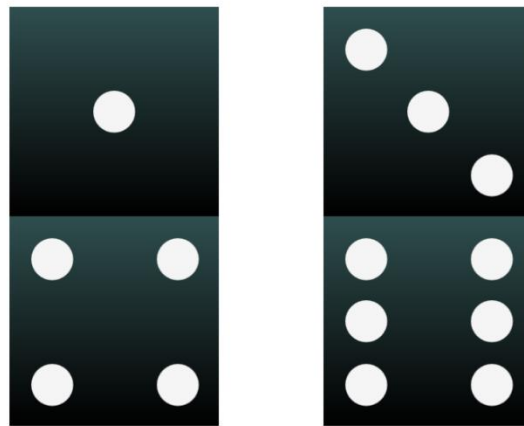
## Step 15

That completes the **Windows App SDK** Application. In **Visual Studio 2022** from the **Toolbar** select **LuckyDominoes (Package)** to **Start** the Application.



## Step 16

Once running you should see the bingo card then you can select either domino which will show a randomised value of all the possible values or you can select **New** to restart.



## Step 17

To **Exit** the **Windows App SDK** Application, select the **Close** button from the top right of the Application as that concludes this **Tutorial** for **Windows App SDK** from [tutorialr.com](https://tutorialr.com)!

