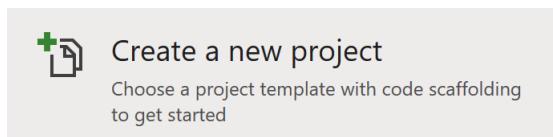


Universal Windows Platform – Drag and Drop

Drag and Drop shows how to use a **ListBox** to create a simple drag-and-drop example

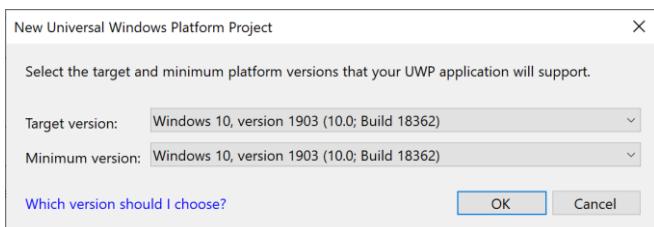
Step 1



Follow **Setup and Start** on how to Install and/or Get Started with **Visual Studio 2019** if not already or in **Windows 10** choose **Start**, find and select **Visual Studio 2019** then from the **Get started** screen select **Create a new project**



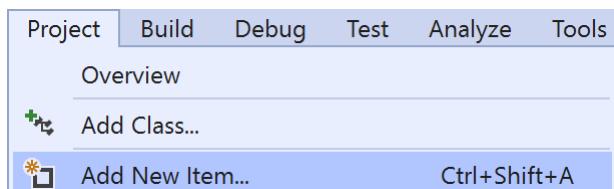
Then choose **Blank App (Universal Windows)** and select **Next** and then in **Configure your new project** enter the **Project name** as **DragAndDrop** and select **Create**



Finally, in **New Universal Windows Platform Project** pick the **Target version** and **Minimum version** to be at least **Windows 10, version 1903 (10.0; Build 18362)** and then select **OK**

Target Version will control the most recent features of Windows 10 your application can use. To make sure you always have the most recent version, check for any Notifications or Updates in Visual Studio 2019

Step 2



Choose **Project** then **Add New Item...** from the **Menu** in **Visual Studio 2019**

Step 3



Then choose **Code File** from **Add New Item** in **Visual Studio 2019**, enter the **Name** as **Library.cs** and select **Add**

Universal Windows Platform – Drag and Drop

Step 4

In the **Code** View of **Library.cs** will be displayed and in this the following should be entered:

```
using System;
using System.Collections.ObjectModel;
using System.Linq;

public class Item
{
    public Guid Id { get; set; }
    public string Value { get; set; }
}

public class Library
{
    public ObservableCollection<Item> Items { get; set; }
    = new ObservableCollection<Item>();

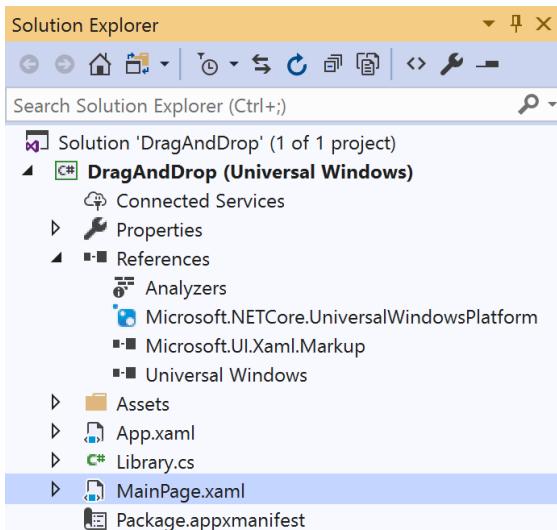
    public void Add(string value)
    {
        Items.Add(new Item
        {
            Id = Guid.NewGuid(),
            Value = value
        });
    }

    public void Remove(Guid id)
    {
        Item result = Items.FirstOrDefault(item => item.Id == id);
        if (result != null)
        {
            Items.Remove(result);
        }
    }
}
```

There is a **using** statement to include functionality needed for the application. There is a class for **Item** and then there is an **ObservableCollection** of **Item**. **Add(...)** method will **Add** a new **Item** to the **ObservableCollection** of **Item**. **Remove(...)** method will use **LINQ** to get an **Item** with **FirstOrDefault** by **Id** and if this is not **null** will **Remove** it

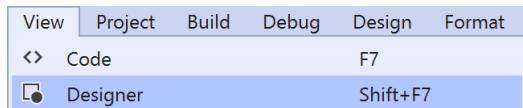
Universal Windows Platform – Drag and Drop

Step 5



In the **Solution Explorer** of **Visual Studio 2019** select **MainPage.xaml**

Step 6



Choose **View** then **Designer** from the **Menu** in **Visual Studio 2019**

Step 7

In the **Design** View and **XAML** View of **Visual Studio 2019** will be displayed, and in this between the **Grid** and **/Grid** elements enter the following **XAML**:

```
<Grid>
    <Grid.RowDefinitions>
        <RowDefinition Height="Auto"/>
        <RowDefinition Height="*"/>
    </Grid.RowDefinitions>
    <TextBox Grid.Row="0" Margin="20" Name="Value"/>
    <ListView Grid.Row="1" VerticalAlignment="Stretch" AllowDrop="True"
              CanReorderItems="True" SelectionMode="Single" Name="Display">
        <ListView.ItemTemplate>
            <DataTemplate>
                <TextBlock FontFamily="Segoe UI" FontSize="16"
                           Text="{Binding Value}"/>
            </DataTemplate>
        </ListView.ItemTemplate>
    </ListView>
</Grid>
<CommandBar VerticalAlignment="Bottom">
    <AppBarButton Icon="Add" Label="Add" Click="Add_Click"/>
    <AppBarButton Icon="Remove" Label="Remove" Click="Remove_Click"/>
</CommandBar>
```

The first block of XAML is the main user interface with a Grid with two rows – the first contains a TextBox for the value to add and the second row is a ListView to show added items with AllowDrop and CanReorderItems properties set enabling the Control to support drag-and-drop. The second block of XAML is the CommandBar which contains the Add – to add to the ListView and Remove – to remove items from the ListView

Universal Windows Platform – Drag and Drop

Step 8



Choose **View** then **Code** from the **Menu** in **Visual Studio 2019**

Step 9

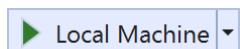
Once in the **Code** View, below the end of `public MainPage() { ... }` the following Code should be entered:

```
Library library = new Library();  
  
protected override void OnNavigatedTo(NavigationEventArgs e)  
{  
    Display.ItemsSource = library.Items;  
}  
  
private void Add_Click(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e)  
{  
    library.Add(Value.Text);  
}  
  
private void Remove_Click(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e)  
{  
    library.Remove(((Item)Display.SelectedItem).Id);  
}
```

Below the `MainPage(...)` method an instance of the `Library` Class is created. In the `OnNavigatedTo` event handler the `ListBox` has its `ItemsSource` set to the `ObservableCollection` in the `Library` class. `Add_Click(...)` will use `Add` from the `Library` class with the `Text` from the `TextBox` and `Remove_Click(...)` will use `Remove` from the `Library` class

Universal Windows Platform – Drag and Drop

Step 10



That completes the **Universal Windows Platform** Application, in **Visual Studio 2019** select **Local Machine** to run the Application

Step 11

Once the Application is running you can then type in some text then click **Add**, you can then add multiple items. Then tap and hold or select with a mouse on any of the items to move them up and down the list



Step 12



To Exit the Application, select the **Close** button in the top right of the Application